

# Sistemas de Eq diferenciais

$$\begin{cases} \frac{dx}{dt} = f(\bar{x}, \bar{y}) = 0 \\ \frac{dy}{dt} = g(\bar{x}, \bar{y}) = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} f(\bar{x}, \bar{y}) &= 0 \\ g(\bar{x}, \bar{y}) &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$x(t) = \bar{x} + x'(t)$$

$$y(t) = \bar{y} + y'(t)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dx'}{dt} &= \frac{dx}{dt} \\ x'(t) &= x(t) - \bar{x} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} y'(t) &= y(t) - \bar{y} \\ \frac{dy'}{dt} &= \frac{dy}{dt} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = f(x, y)$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = f(\bar{x} + x', \bar{y} + y') \approx f(\bar{x}, \bar{y}) + \frac{df(\bar{x}, \bar{y})}{dx} x' + \frac{df(\bar{x}, \bar{y})}{dy} y'$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = g(\bar{x} + x', \bar{y} + y') \approx g(\bar{x}, \bar{y}) + \frac{dg(\bar{x}, \bar{y})}{dx} x' + \frac{dg(\bar{x}, \bar{y})}{dy} y'$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{dx'}{dt} = \frac{dx}{dt} = f(\bar{x}, \bar{y}) + \frac{df(\bar{x}, \bar{y})}{dx} x' + \frac{df(\bar{x}, \bar{y})}{dy} y' \end{array} \right.$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{dy'}{dt} = \frac{dy}{dt} = g(\bar{x}, \bar{y}) + \frac{dg(\bar{x}, \bar{y})}{dx} x' + \frac{dg(\bar{x}, \bar{y})}{dy} y' \end{array} \right.$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{dx'}{dt} = \frac{df(\bar{x}, \bar{y})}{dx} x' + \frac{df(\bar{x}, \bar{y})}{dy} y' \\ \frac{dy'}{dt} = \frac{dg(\bar{x}, \bar{y})}{dx} x' + \frac{dg(\bar{x}, \bar{y})}{dy} y' \end{array} \right.$$

$$\vec{v} = \begin{pmatrix} x' \\ y' \end{pmatrix} \quad \frac{d\vec{v}}{dt} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{dx'}{dt} \\ \frac{dy'}{dt} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\frac{dx'}{dt} = m x' + n y'$$

$$\frac{dy'}{dt} = p x' + q y'$$

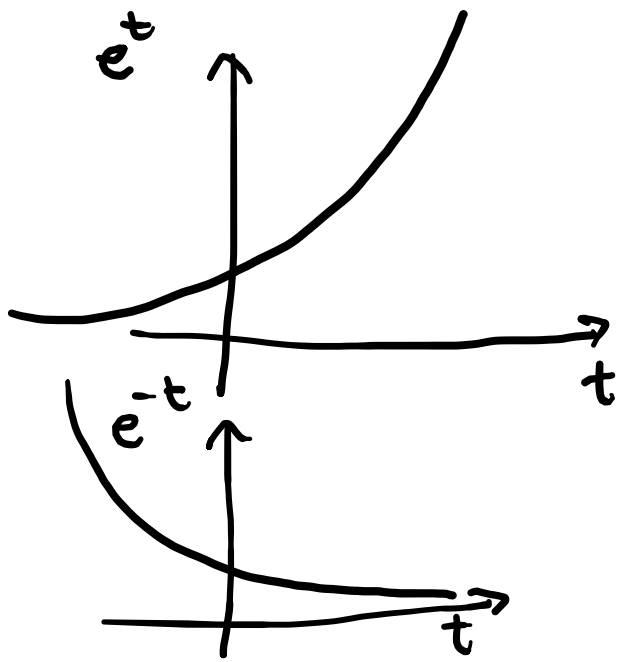
$$\frac{d\vec{v}}{dt} = A \vec{v}$$

Jacobiana  
comunitária

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{df}{dx} & \frac{df}{dy} \\ \frac{dg}{dx} & \frac{dg}{dy} \end{pmatrix} \Big|_{\bar{x}, \bar{y}}$$

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{df}{dx} & \frac{df}{dy} \\ \frac{dg}{dx} & \frac{dg}{dy} \end{pmatrix} \Big|_{\bar{x}, \bar{y}}$$

$$\frac{dN(t)}{dt} = kN(t) \leadsto N(t) = C e^{kt}$$



$$\begin{matrix} \lambda_+ & v_+ \\ \lambda_- & v_- \end{matrix}$$

$$\vec{v} = \begin{pmatrix} x' \\ y' \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\frac{d\vec{v}}{dt} = A \vec{v}$$

$$\vec{v}(t) = C_+ v_+ e^{\lambda_+ t} + C_- v_- e^{\lambda_- t}$$

↓  
vetor de  
perturbações

- $\lambda_+ \text{ e } \lambda_- < 0$   
→ pert. diminuem  
↪ estável

- $\lambda_+ \text{ e } \lambda_- > 0$   
→ perturbações crescem  
↪ instável

Estabilidade de Competição:

$$\frac{dN_1}{dt} = f(N_1, N_2) = r_1 N_1 - \frac{r_1 N_1^2}{K_1} - \frac{r_1 \alpha_{12} N_1 N_2}{K_1} = \frac{r_1 N_1}{K_1} (K_1 - N_1 - \alpha_{12} N_2)$$

$$\frac{dN_2}{dt} = g(N_1, N_2) = r_2 N_2 - \frac{r_2 N_2^2}{K_2} - \frac{r_2 \alpha_{21} N_1 N_2}{K_2} = \frac{r_2 N_2}{K_2} (K_2 - N_2 - \alpha_{21} N_1)$$

Equilíbrio:  $f(N_1, N_2) = 0$  e  $g(N_1, N_2) = 0$

$$\frac{r_1 N_1}{K_1} (K_1 - N_1 - \alpha_{12} N_2) = 0$$

$$\underline{\bar{N}_1 = 0}$$

$$K_1 - \bar{N}_1 - \alpha_{12} \bar{N}_2 = 0$$

$$\underline{\bar{N}_1 = K_1 - \alpha_{12} \bar{N}_2}$$

$$\frac{r_2 N_2}{K_2} (K_2 - N_2 - \alpha_{21} N_1) = 0$$

$$\underline{\bar{N}_2 = 0}$$

$$K_2 - \bar{N}_2 - \alpha_{21} \bar{N}_1 = 0$$

$$\underline{\bar{N}_2 = K_2 - \alpha_{21} \bar{N}_1}$$

$$1) \bar{N}_1 = 0 \quad \bar{N}_2 = 0$$

$$2) \bar{N}_1 = 0 \quad \bar{N}_2 = K_2 - \alpha_{21} \bar{N}_1 = K_2$$

$$3) \bar{N}_1 = K_1 - \alpha_{12} \bar{N}_2 = K_1 \quad \bar{N}_2 = 0$$

$$4) \bar{N}_1 = K_1 - \alpha_{12} (K_2 - \alpha_{21} \bar{N}_1)$$

$$\bar{N}_1 = K_1 - \alpha_{12} K_2 - \alpha_{12} \alpha_{21} \bar{N}_1$$

$$\bar{N}_1 - \alpha_{12} \alpha_{21} \bar{N}_1 = K_1 - \alpha_{12} K_2$$

$$\bar{N}_1 (1 - \alpha_{12} \alpha_{21}) = K_1 - \alpha_{12} K_2$$

$$\bar{N}_1 = \frac{K_1 - \alpha_{12} K_2}{1 - \alpha_{12} \alpha_{21}}$$

$$\bar{N}_2 = K_2 - \alpha_{21} \bar{N}_1$$

$$\bar{N}_2 = \frac{K_2 - \alpha_{21} K_1}{1 - \alpha_{21} \alpha_{12}}$$

Estabilidade:

$$f(N_1, N_2) = r_1 N_1 - \frac{r_1 N_1^2}{k_1} - \frac{r_1 \alpha_{12} N_1 N_2}{k_1}$$

$$g(N_1, N_2) = r_2 N_2 - \frac{r_2 N_2^2}{k_2} - \frac{r_2 \alpha_{21} N_1 N_2}{k_2}$$

Jacobiana:

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{df}{dN_1} & \frac{df}{dN_2} \\ \frac{dg}{dN_1} & \frac{dg}{dN_2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$J = \begin{pmatrix} r_1 - \frac{2r_1 N_1}{k_1} - \frac{r_1 \alpha_{12} N_2}{k_1} & -\frac{r_1 \alpha_{12} N_1}{k_1} \\ -\frac{r_2 \alpha_{21} N_2}{k_2} & r_2 - \frac{2r_2 N_2}{k_2} - \frac{r_2 \alpha_{21} N_1}{k_2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$J|_{\bar{N}_1, \bar{N}_2}$$

$$\Gamma_1 = 0,9$$

$$\alpha_{12} = 0,6$$

$$k_1, k_2 = 500$$

$$\Gamma_2 = 0,5$$

$$\alpha_{21} = 0,7$$

$$\Downarrow \bar{N}_1 = 0 \quad \bar{N}_2 = 0$$

$$J = \begin{pmatrix} \Gamma_1 & 0 \\ 0 & \Gamma_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\det \begin{pmatrix} \Gamma_1 - \lambda & 0 \\ 0 & \Gamma_2 - \lambda \end{pmatrix} = 0$$

$$(\Gamma_1 - \lambda)(\Gamma_2 - \lambda) = 0$$

$$\begin{cases} \lambda_+ = 0,9 \\ \lambda_- = 0,5 \end{cases}$$

$\Rightarrow (0,0)$  instabil



$$\bar{N}_1 = 0$$

$$\bar{N}_2 = k_2 = 500$$

$$\Gamma_1 = 0.9 \quad \Gamma_2 = 0.5$$

$$k_1 < k_2 < 500$$

$$\alpha_{12} < 0.6 \quad \alpha_{21} = 0.7$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \Gamma_1 - \frac{2\Gamma_1 N_1}{k_1} - \frac{\Gamma_1 \alpha_{12} N_2}{k_1} & -\frac{\Gamma_1 \alpha_{12} N_1}{k_1} \\ -\frac{\Gamma_2 \alpha_{21} N_2}{k_2} & \Gamma_2 - \frac{2\Gamma_2 N_2}{k_2} - \frac{\Gamma_2 \alpha_{21} N_1}{k_2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$J \begin{pmatrix} 0.9 - \frac{0.9 \cdot 0.6 \cdot 500}{500} & 0 \\ -\frac{0.5 \cdot 0.7 \cdot 500}{500} & 0.5 - \frac{2 \cdot 0.5 \cdot 500}{500} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0.9 - 0.54 & 0 \\ -0.35 & +0.5 - 1 \end{pmatrix}$$
$$\begin{pmatrix} 0.36 & 0 \\ -0.35 & -0.5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\det \begin{pmatrix} 0,36 - \lambda & 0 \\ -0,35 & -0,5 - \lambda \end{pmatrix} = 0$$

$$(0,36 - \lambda)(-0,5 - \lambda) - 0 = 0$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \lambda_+ = 0,36 \\ \lambda_- = -0,5 \end{array} \right.$$

$\bar{N}_1 = 0$   $N_2 = K_2$  é instável

$$\rightarrow N_1 = 500 \quad N_2 = 0$$

$$\rightarrow N_1 \text{ e } N_2 \neq 0$$